Utilization of an Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate (UL-FGA®) as a Floating Cover for Emission Reductions at a Superfund Site.



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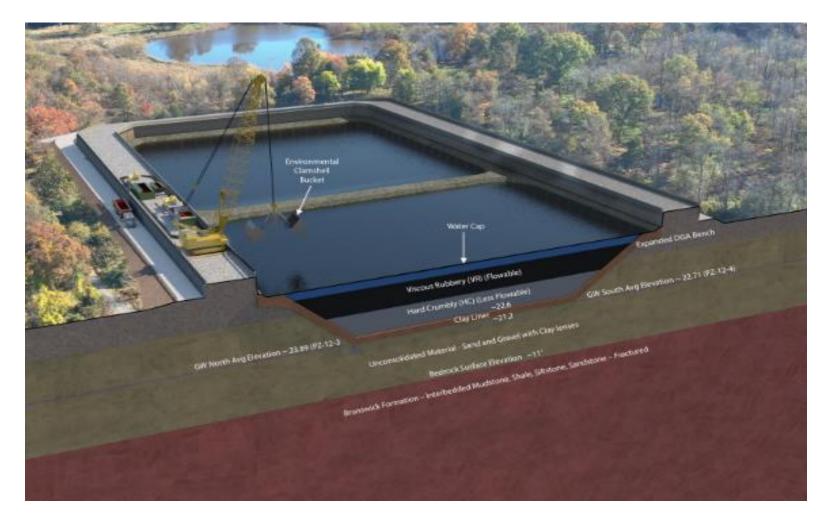
Background

- Confidential Client Large Superfund Site in NJ
- Two Acid Tar Impoundments
- Constructed between 1947 and 1956 used until 1965
- Approximately 54,500 cubic yards of Acid Tar containing VOC's primarily benzene
- Water Cap to Reduce VOC Emissions
- AT Removed Mechanically





Background







Floating Cover Systems Evaluated

- Typical Floating Cover System
- Ball System
- Hexagonal Floating Tiles
- UL-FGA (Aero-Aggregate)

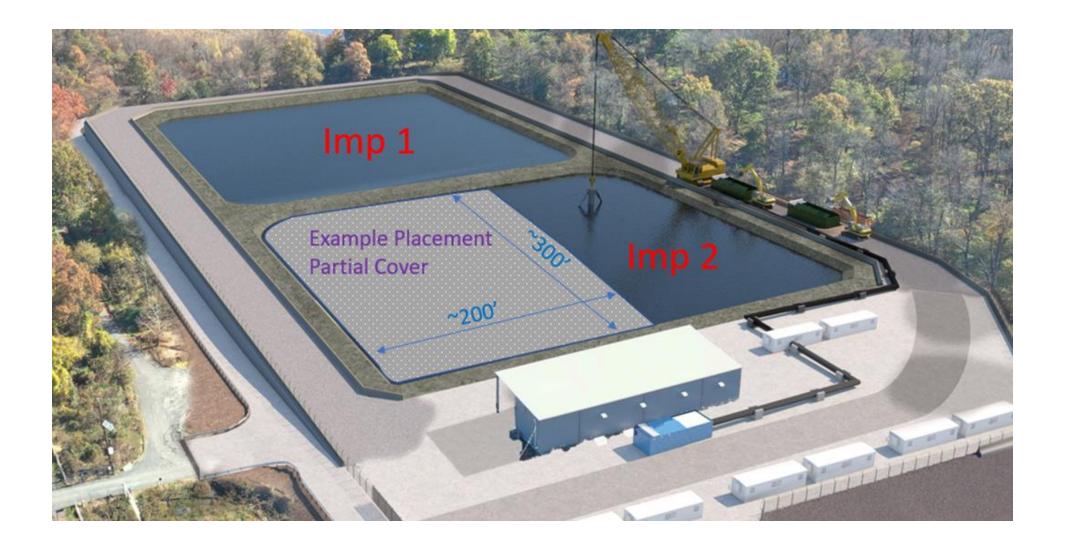
















What is Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate (UL-FGA®)

- <u>U</u>ltra-<u>Lightweight Foam Glass Aggregate</u>
- Produced from post consumer recycled glass
- 100% recycled material content
- Average particle size 1.0'-1.5"
- Dry bulk density 15 lb/ft³ (max.)
 - Crushed Glass = 100 lb/ft3
 - Water = 62.4 lb/ft3
- Chemically inert
- Made in the USA by Aero-Aggregates of North America







UL-FGA® Uses

- Primarily used as lightweight fill for infrastructure projects
 - Pipe backfill
 - Low earth pressures (MSE walls)
 - Light-weight fill
 - 2023 I-95 Bridge Collapse

- Multiple environmental applications
 - Floating cover for evaporation reduction
 - Thermal insulation of landfill lining systems
 - Water and air filtration
 - Coating for odor control and hydrocarbon absorption







Why Are We Using It at a Superfund Site?

- Floating cover.
- Easily moveable cover preferred.
- Light color reduced solar heat absorption.
- Added Benefit future ISS working platform.
- Used once to reduce emission from a manure lagoon.
- No empirical data existed.

Need to determine VOC mass transfer, percent transfer reduction and overall cover thickness.





Typical UL-FGA Particles







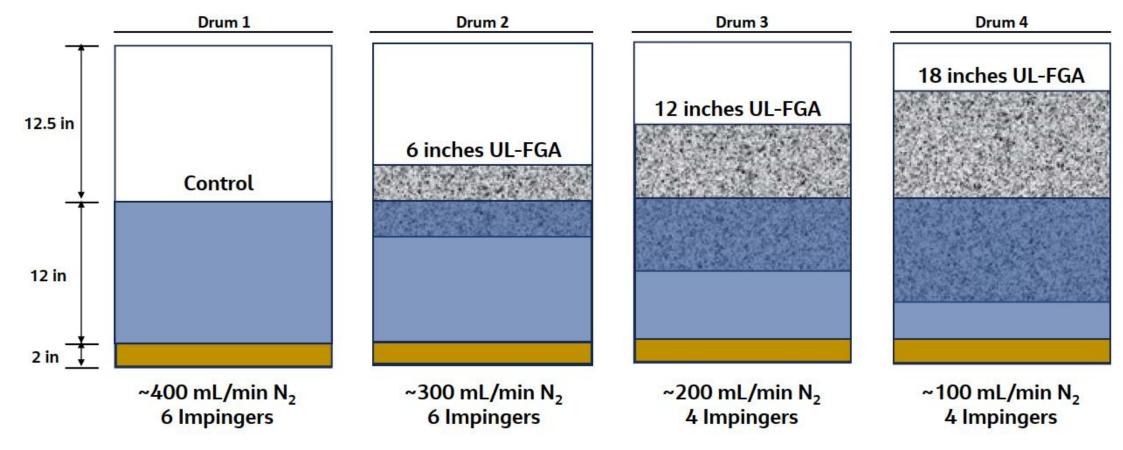
UL-FGA Floating Cover Installation







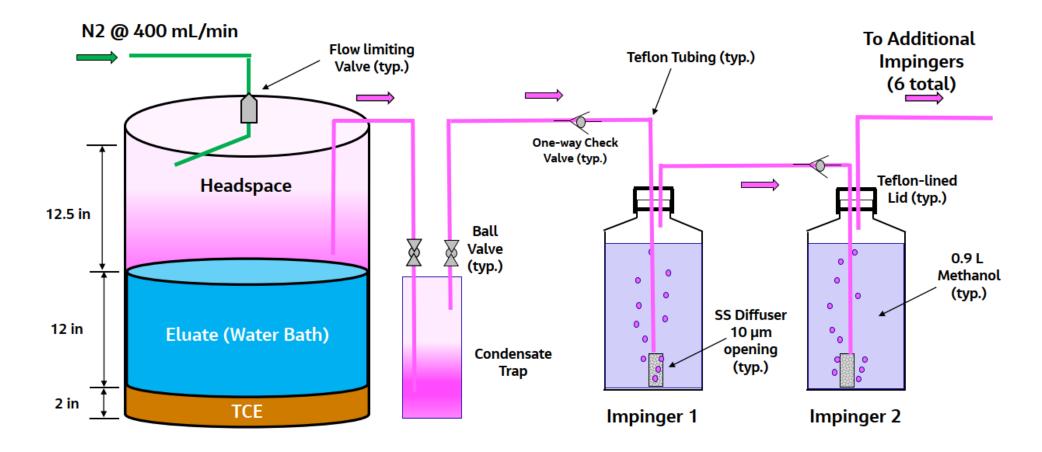
Bence-Scale Testing Set-Up







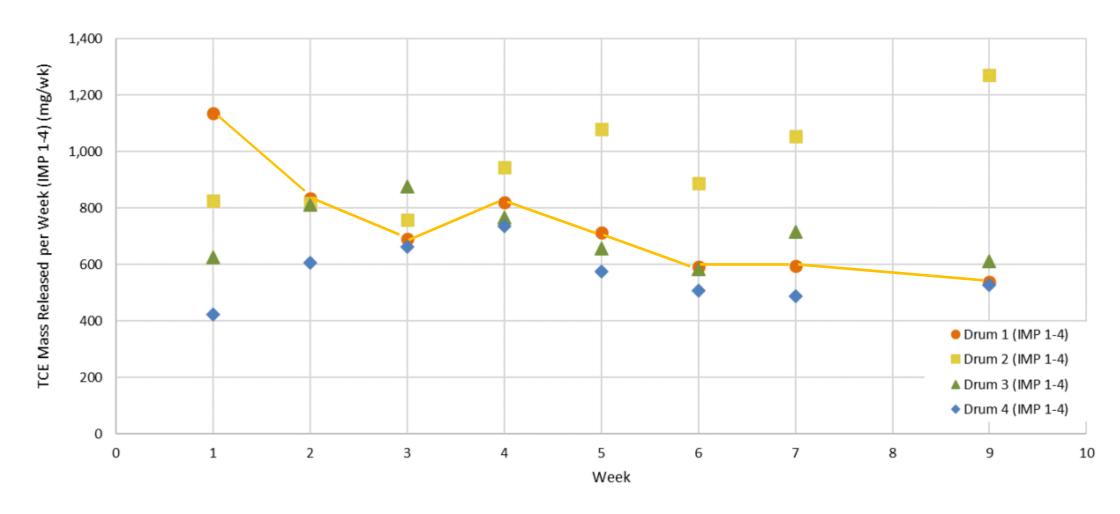
Bench-Scale Impinger Set-Up







Results – Mass Transfer







Results - Findings

- TCE provided a strong gradient for mass transfer.
- "Control" results were compromised.
- TCE attacked the "Control" drum liner.
 - Film formation on the water surface
 - Reduced TCE mass transfer
- At 30% porosity, the 6-inch layer matched the Mass Transfer numerical simulation.





Conclusions & Recommendations

- The relative benefit increased significantly from 6 to 12 inches.
- Diminishing results were noted at a thickness of 18 inches.
- Anticipated mass transfer reduction was determined to be 70 percent.
- A cover thickness of 9 to 12 inches was recommended.
- Additional field testing is required to determine the overall effectiveness of UL-FGA as a floating cover.





Aero-Aggregate Cover Installed







Thank you!

Jacobs



